TOWNS AND CITIES OF THE CROATIAN MIDDLE AGES

The City and the Newcomers

Edited by Irena Benyovsky Latin and Zrinka Pešorda Vardić





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About the volume

This volume is a result of the Third Triennial of scholarly conference on the *Towns and Cities of the Croatian Middle Ages*, a traditional convention of scholars involved in research on medieval urban history held at the Croatian Institute of History in Zagreb. The two previous conferences, which took place in 2010 on the topic *Authority and Property* and in 2013 on the *Image of the Town in the Narrative Sources: Reality and/or Fiction?* proved very inspiring and triggered an international comparative debate on urban history in the Croatian lands (and beyond) during the medieval period. We hoped to achieve similar results with the conference of 2016, when we chose the important and topical historiographical issue *The City and the Newcomers* as its specific title.

Migration of newcomers to the cities is crucial for understanding urban history. However, it is a complex and multi-faceted phenomenon specific to the period and geographic area in question. Newcomers shaped the medieval urban societies of Europe – sometimes functioning as a vital element in their survival and often causing crucial social transformations. By focusing on the newcomers, we have recognized the importance of migration and mobility for the urban development of cities and towns in the Croatian Middle Ages. This question is by no means a new one in Croatian historiography. However, the aim of this volume has been to improve the terminological classification and the theoretical understanding of this complex phenomenon in the Croatian lands, as well as to encourage new discussions.

The goal has been to expand the existing insights on the newcomers in Croatian medieval cities (and beyond) and to analyse the changes that these cities went through owing to the influx of new populations. The authors were particularly encouraged to focus on the following issues: How should we define the newcomers or new populations in Croatian medieval cities? What lens should we use when assessing the complex transformations of these urban settings with regard to the newcomers? Within what (broader) geopolitical and demographic circumstances did migrations to the cities happen? How did individuals and groups travel and migrate to the cities? Who promoted and who controlled these migrations? How did the urban communities define, encourage, assimilate, tolerate, integrate, or exclude the newcomers? How did the newcomers, in turn, adapt and define themselves within the urban landscape? How were these problems solved and how did the newcomers manage in their new environment, or how did physical mobility turn into a social one? How did the urban fabric change in correlation with the demographic influx? Authors who are involved in research on Croatian medieval urban history were invited to contribute with their papers – but comparative examples were welcomed as well, especially from the neighbouring countries.